Employment Law Update American Association of Port Authorities

> **Presented by:** Christopher Kaczmarek

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Charge Filings Continue at Record Highs

EMPLO

- Newly announced EEOC charge stats from FY 2012: <u>97,000 charges</u>.
- Follows three prior years of record charges (FY 2011: 99,947; 2010: 99,922; FY 2009: 93,277.)

EEO Hot Issues

- Automatic termination of employees who have exhausted FMLA or other types of leave
 - EEOC sued major employers throughout the country alleging the employer's leave policies violate the ADA
 - *Remember* providing additional leave is a form of reasonable accommodation
 - Cannot automatically terminate must engage in interactive process
 - EEOC position.....no amount of leave is unreasonable

What Should You Do?

- Review attendance procedures
- <u>Train</u> to flag potential notice of need for attendance accommodations



Sex Harassment: Failure By Manager To Keep Information Confidential

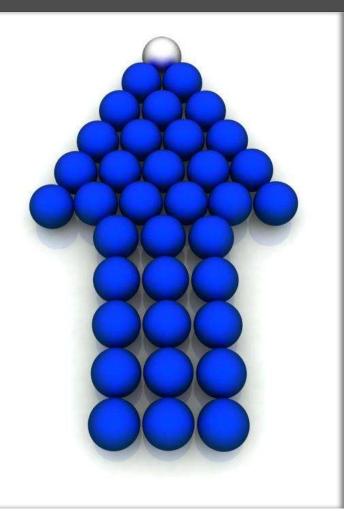
- Menten worked as a barista at Starbucks
- After a sexual assault (unrelated to work), Menten discloses to store manager.
- Thereafter, without permission, the manager informs the other baristas, and employees from other stores, about the assault and they make comments to Menten.
- Menten also becomes the subject of sexual jokes and pranks by coworkers. Starbucks responds to each incident.
- Months later, Menten is suspended for arguing with a substitute manager. Menten resigns out of anger but later tries to withdraw resignation. Store Manager moves forward with resignation.

Sex Harassment: Failure By Manager To Keep Information Confidential (Cont'd)

- <u>Holding</u>: Store manager gossiping about the sexual assault is sufficient evidence by itself of sexually hostile work environment to defeat Starbuck's motion for summary judgment and let case go to a jury trial.
- <u>Court</u>: "The jury could reasonably conclude that such widespread knowledge and discussion of [the] sexual assault was against Plaintiff's will and that it was sufficiently ... sexually offensive to create a 'humiliating work environment.""



"Me Too" Evidence



Working at a Law Firm



- An office worker is hired by a small law firm in 2002
- She claims that while working there, the named partner slapped and touched her buttocks, touched her leg, called her a "stupid bi**h," and referred to his employees as "his Mexicans."
- She eventually was terminated, also in 2002

His Explanation



- He admits that he uses profanity, but it is not directed at anyone in particular
- He also states that he has a policy of not tolerating discrimination or harassment

The "Me Too" Evidence



- Plaintiff offered "me too" evidence from other employees
- At times when she was not employed, or not present, the named partner behaved in a similar manner
- Testimony offered from four other employees
- Remember: Plaintiff did not hear/see this...

"Me Too" Sexual Harassment



- "You should wear see-through dresses more often and get up on the ladder."
- "If we get T-shirts for the office, we'd have to get extra large because both of your chests are so big."
 - " "What is written on the elastic band of your underwear?"
 - Touched and slapped employees' buttocks and legs

"Me Too" Demeaning Comments

- Frequent use of profanity, directed at individuals: "Fu**, Sh**, Bi**h"
- "Monkeys could do your job better than you"
- "Why can't I get a competent staff?"
- "Why can't I fu**ing get a good staff?"
- Get your head out of your a**."
- "What the f**k is wrong with you?"

Trial Court Ruling



 This evidence is excluded.
These alleged events took place when the office worker was not employed, and did not impact her work environment.

Reversed on Appeal!

- Because the named partner claimed that he engaged in profane tirades without bias, the "me too" evidence could be used by the jury to evaluate his credibility, motive, and intent.
- Case is sent back for another trial (remember the year when the office worker was fired?)
- Pantoja v. Anton, 198 Cal. App. 4th 87 (2011)

Lessons Learned

- The "I am a jerk to everyone" defense is not a very good defense!
- Every day counts!
- Every statement made in the workplace is important!
- Never give up!





Intersection of FMLA/ADA – Extended Leave



- Leave as a Reasonable Accommodation under the ADA
- What do your policies provide happens when FMLA expires?

Intersection of FMLA/ADA – Extended Leave

Courts are also taking notice

Shelton v. Bridgestone MetalPha, No. 3-11-0001,
(M.D. Tenn. May 8, 2012)



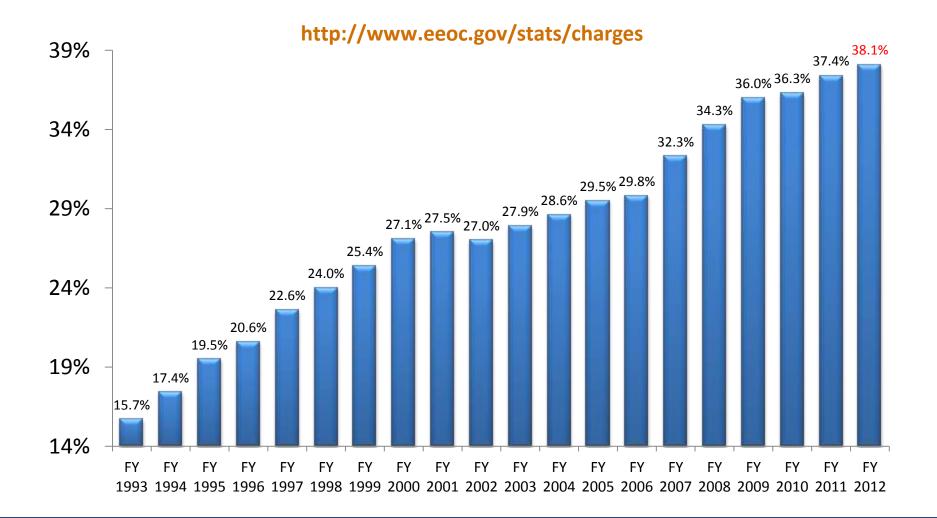
Anti-Retaliation Protections Are Everywhere

- OSHA
- ADA
- Title VII
- False Claims Act
- Equal Pay Act
- FLSA
- USERRA
- Immigration Reform and Control Act (IRCA)
- ADEA

- NLRA
- Workers Compensation Acts
- Dodd-Frank
- Sarbanes-Oxley
- The Rehabilitation Act



The Rising Tide of Retaliation Claims



- The Fair Labor Standards Act prohibits an employer from retaliating against any employee who "has filed any complaint . . . under or related to" the statute
- Filed with whom?
- What kind of complaint?

Oral Complaints are protected activity

Kasten v. Saint-Gobain Performance
Plastics Corp.

- A complaint is filed when a "reasonable, objective person would have understood the employee to have put the employer on notice that the employee is asserting rights under the" FLSA
- "The complaint must be sufficiently clear and detailed for a reasonable employer to understand it . . . as an assertion of rights protected by the" FLSA

 Most courts agree that complaints to employers are protected activity



Best Practices: Back to Basics

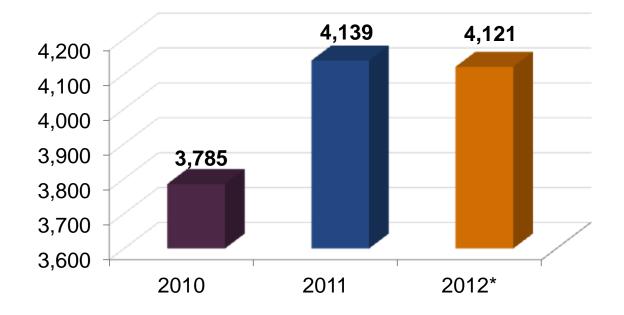


- Publish policies that specifically prohibit retaliation
- Train managers and staff on law and protected activities
- Promptly investigate claims. Remind participants of anti-retaliation policy
- Track/review discipline for consistency. Assure that employees who have made complaints are not held to higher standards or treated differently
- Document and take timely action re: performance problems

Nationwide Wage and Hour Class Action Filings Have Increased

Over 90% of all employment class/collective actions are W/H

W/H Class and Collective Actions Filed in Federal and State Courts



*Based on filing rate through 9/30/12

Wage & Hour

 90% of all employment class and collective actions filed in state and federal courts in the United States are wage and hour cases

> Source: Laurent Badoux, Trends in Wage and Hour Litigation Over Unpaid Work Time and the Precautions Employers Should Take (2011)

Common Class Action Issues

- Employees misclassified as exempt
- Employers automatically deducting for meal periods
- Employees required to work "off the clock"





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Thank you !____

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